

## General Assembly

## Raised Bill No.

February Session, 2004

LCO No. 84

Referred to Committee on

Introduced by: (GAE)

## AN ACT CONCERNING THE COMPOSITION AND FUNDING OF THE STATE ETHICS COMMISSION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 1-80 of the general statutes is
- 2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 3 October 1, 2004):
- 4 (a) There shall be a State Ethics Commission consisting of [seven]
- 5 <u>nine</u> members to be appointed with the advice and consent of the
- 6 General Assembly. One member shall be appointed by the speaker of
- 7 the House, one member by the president pro tempore of the Senate,
- 8 one member by the majority leader of the Senate, one member by the
- 9 minority leader of the Senate, one member by the majority leader of
- 10 <u>the House of Representatives, one member by the</u> minority leader of
- 11 the House of Representatives and three members by the Governor.
- 12 Members of the commission shall serve for four-year terms which shall
- 13 commence on October first, except that members first appointed shall
- 14 have the following terms: The Governor shall appoint two members
- for a term of three years and one member for a term of four years; the
- 16 minority leader of the House of Representatives and the speaker of the

- 17 House of Representatives shall each appoint one member for a term of 18 two years; the president pro tempore of the Senate and the minority 19 leader of the Senate shall each appoint one member for a term of four 20 years. No individual shall be appointed to more than one four-year 21 term as a member of such commission, provided that members may 22 continue in office until a successor has been appointed and qualified. 23 No more than [four] <u>five</u> members shall be members of the same 24 political party. The members appointed by the majority leader of the 25 Senate and the majority leader of the House of Representatives shall be 26 selected from a list of nominees proposed by a citizen group having an 27 interest in ethical government. The majority leader of the Senate and 28 the majority leader of the House of Representatives shall each determine the citizen group from which each will accept such 29 30 nominations. On and after October 1, 2004, one member appointed by 31 the Governor shall be selected from a list of nominees proposed by a 32 citizen group having an interest in ethical government. The Governor 33 shall determine the citizen group from which the Governor will accept 34 such nominations.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (d) of section 1-80 of the general statutes, as amended by section 1 of public act 0319, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2004*):
  - (d) The commission shall elect a chairperson who shall, except as provided in subsection (b) of section 1-82 and subsection (b) of section 1-93, preside at meetings of the commission and a vice-chairperson to preside in the absence of the chairperson. [Five] Seven members of the commission shall constitute a quorum. Except as provided in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 1-81, subsections (a) and (b) of section 1-82, subsection (b) of section 1-88, subdivision (5) of section 1-92, subsections (a) and (b) of section 1-93 and subsection (b) of section 1-99, a majority vote of the quorum shall be required for action of the commission. The chairperson or any [four] <u>five</u> members may call a meeting.

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- Sec. 3. Subdivision (3) of section 1-81 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2004*):
  - (3) Upon the concurring vote of [four] <u>five</u> of its members, issue advisory opinions with regard to the requirements of this part, upon the request of any person subject to the provisions of this part, and publish such advisory opinions in the Connecticut Law Journal. Advisory opinions rendered by the commission, until amended or revoked, shall be binding on the commission and shall be deemed to be final decisions of the commission for purposes of section 1-87. Any advisory opinion concerning the person who requested the opinion and who acted in reliance thereon, in good faith, shall be binding upon the commission, and it shall be an absolute defense in any criminal action brought under the provisions of this part, that the accused acted in reliance upon such advisory opinion.
- Sec. 4. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 1-82 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2004*):
  - (a) (1) Upon the complaint of any person on a form prescribed by the commission, signed under penalty of false statement, or upon its own complaint, the commission shall investigate any alleged violation of this part. Not later than five days after the receipt or issuance of such complaint, the commission shall provide notice of such receipt or issuance and a copy of the complaint by registered or certified mail to any respondent against whom such complaint is filed and shall provide notice of the receipt of such complaint to the complainant. When the commission undertakes an evaluation of a possible violation of this part prior to the filing of a complaint by the commission, the subject of the evaluation shall be notified within five business days after a commission staff member's first contact with a third party concerning the matter.
- 80 (2) In the conduct of its investigation of an alleged violation of this

part, the commission shall have the power to hold hearings, administer oaths, examine witnesses, receive oral and documentary evidence, subpoena witnesses under procedural rules adopted by the commission as regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 to compel attendance before the commission and to require the production for examination by the commission of any books and papers which the commission deems relevant in any matter under investigation or in question. In the exercise of such powers, the commission may use the services of the state police, who shall provide the same upon the commission's request. The commission shall make a record of all proceedings conducted pursuant to this subsection. Any witness summoned before the commission shall receive the witness fee paid to witnesses in the courts of this state. During the investigation the respondent shall have the right to appear and be heard and to offer any information which may tend to clear him of probable cause to believe he has violated any provision of this part. The respondent shall also have the right to be represented by legal counsel and to examine and cross-examine witnesses. Not later than ten days prior to the commencement of any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection, the commission shall provide the respondent with a list of its intended witnesses. The commission shall make no finding that there is probable cause to believe the respondent is in violation of any provision of this part except upon the concurring vote of [four] five of its members.

(b) If a preliminary investigation indicates that probable cause exists for the violation of a provision of this part, the commission shall initiate hearings to determine whether there has been a violation of this part. A judge trial referee, who shall be assigned by the Chief Court Administrator and who shall be compensated in accordance with section 52-434 out of funds available to the commission, shall preside over such hearing and shall rule on all matters concerning the application of the rules of evidence, which shall be the same as in judicial proceedings. The trial referee shall have no vote in any decision of the commission. All hearings of the commission held

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115 pursuant to this subsection shall be open. At such hearing the 116 commission shall have the same powers as under subsection (a) of this 117 section and the respondent shall have the right to be represented by 118 legal counsel, the right to compel attendance of witnesses and the 119 production of books, documents, records and papers and to examine 120 and cross-examine witnesses. Not later than ten days prior to the 121 commencement of any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection, 122 the commission shall provide the respondent with a list of its intended 123 witnesses. The judge trial referee shall, while engaged in the discharge 124 of his duties as provided in this subsection, have the same authority as 125 is provided in section 51-35 over witnesses who refuse to obey a 126 subpoena or to testify with respect to any matter upon which such 127 witness may be lawfully interrogated, and may commit any such 128 witness for contempt for a period no longer than thirty days. The 129 commission shall make a record of all proceedings pursuant to this 130 subsection. The commission shall find no person in violation of any 131 provision of this part except upon the concurring vote of [five] seven 132 of its members. Not later than fifteen days after the public hearing 133 conducted in accordance with this subsection, the commission shall 134 publish its finding and a memorandum of the reasons therefor. Such 135 finding and memorandum shall be deemed to be the final decision of 136 the commission on the matter for the purposes of chapter 54. The 137 respondent, if aggrieved by the finding and memorandum, may 138 appeal therefrom to the Superior Court in accordance with the 139 provisions of section 4-183.

- Sec. 5. Subsection (b) of section 1-88 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2004*):
  - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), the commission may, after a hearing conducted in accordance with sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive, upon the concurring vote of [five] seven of its members, impose a civil penalty not to exceed ten dollars per day upon any individual who fails to file any report, statement or

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- other information as required by this part. Each distinct violation of this subsection shall be a separate offense and in case of a continued violation, each day thereof shall be deemed a separate offense. In no event shall the aggregate penalty imposed for such failure to file
- 152 exceed two thousand dollars.
- Sec. 6. Subdivision (5) of section 1-92 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2004*):
- 156 (5) Upon the concurring vote of [four] <u>five</u> of its members, issue 157 advisory opinions with regard to the requirements of this part, upon 158 the request of any person, subject to the provisions of this part, and 159 publish such advisory opinions in the Connecticut Law Journal. 160 Advisory opinions rendered by the commission, until amended or 161 revoked, shall be binding on the commission and shall be deemed to 162 be final decisions of the commission for purposes of section 1-98. Any 163 advisory opinion concerning any person subject to the provisions of 164 this part who requested the opinion and who acted in reliance thereon, 165 in good faith, shall be binding upon the commission, and it shall be an 166 absolute defense in any criminal action brought under the provisions 167 of this part that the accused acted in reliance upon such advisory 168 opinion.
- Sec. 7. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 1-93 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1*, 2004):
  - (a) (1) Upon the complaint of any person on a form prescribed by the commission, signed under penalty of false statement, or upon its own complaint, the commission shall investigate any alleged violation of this part. Not later than five days after the receipt or issuance of such complaint, the commission shall provide notice of such receipt or issuance and a copy of the complaint by registered or certified mail to any respondent against whom such complaint is filed and shall provide notice of the receipt of such complaint to the complainant.

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When the commission undertakes an evaluation of a possible violation of this part prior to the filing of a complaint by the commission, the subject of the evaluation shall be notified within five business days after a commission staff member's first contact with a third party concerning the matter.

(2) In the conduct of its investigation of an alleged violation of this part, the commission shall have the power to hold hearings, administer oaths, examine witnesses, receive oral and documentary evidence, subpoena witnesses under procedural rules adopted by the commission as regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 to compel attendance before the commission and to require the production for examination by the commission of any books and papers which the commission deems relevant in any matter under investigation or in question. In the exercise of such powers, the commission may use the services of the state police, who shall provide the same upon the commission's request. The commission shall make a record of all proceedings conducted pursuant to this subsection. Any witness summoned before the commission shall receive the witness fee paid to witnesses in the courts of this state. The respondent shall have the right to appear and be heard and to offer any information which may tend to clear him of probable cause to believe he has violated any provision of this part. The respondent shall also have the right to be represented by legal counsel and to examine and cross-examine witnesses. Not later than ten days prior to the commencement of any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection, the commission shall provide the respondent with a list of its intended witnesses. The commission shall make no finding that there is probable cause to believe the respondent is in violation of this part, except upon the concurring vote of [four] <u>five</u> of its members.

(b) If a preliminary investigation indicates that probable cause exists for the violation of a provision of this part, the commission shall initiate hearings to determine whether there has been a violation of this part. A judge trial referee, who shall be assigned by the Chief

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Court Administrator and who shall be compensated in accordance with section 52-434 out of funds available to the commission, shall preside over such hearing and shall rule on all matters concerning the application of the rules of evidence, which shall be the same as in judicial proceedings. The trial referee shall have no vote in any decision of the commission. All hearings of the commission held pursuant to this subsection shall be open. At such hearing the commission shall have the same powers as under subsection (a) of this section and the respondent shall have the right to be represented by legal counsel, the right to compel attendance of witnesses and the production of books, documents, records and papers and to examine and cross-examine witnesses. Not later than ten days prior to the commencement of any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection, the commission shall provide the respondent with a list of its intended witnesses. The judge trial referee shall, while engaged in the discharge of his duties as provided in this subsection, have the same authority as is provided in section 51-35 over witnesses who refuse to obey a subpoena or to testify with respect to any matter upon which such witness may be lawfully interrogated, and may commit any such witness for contempt for a period no longer than thirty days. The commission shall make a record of all proceedings pursuant to this subsection. The commission shall find no person in violation of any provision of this part except upon the concurring vote of [five] seven of its members. Not later than fifteen days after the public hearing conducted in accordance with this subsection, the commission shall publish its finding and a memorandum of the reasons therefor. Such finding and memorandum shall be deemed to be the final decision of the commission on the matter for the purposes of chapter 54. The respondent, if aggrieved by the finding and memorandum, may appeal therefrom to the Superior Court in accordance with the provisions of section 4-183.

Sec. 8. Subsection (b) of section 1-99 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2004*):

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- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the commission may, after a hearing conducted in accordance with sections 4-176e to 4-184, inclusive, upon the concurring vote of [five] seven of its members, impose a civil penalty not to exceed ten dollars per day upon any registrant who fails to file any report, statement or other information as required by this part. Each distinct violation of this subsection shall be a separate offense and, in case of a continued violation, each day thereof shall be deemed a separate offense. In no event shall the aggregate penalty imposed for such failure to file exceed two thousand dollars.
- 257 Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2004) (a) The State Ethics 258 Commission, as created in section 1-80 of the general statutes, as 259 amended by this act, shall annually be funded by the General 260 Assembly in an amount equal to the amount of funding received by 261 the commission in the previous year plus an amount to reflect the 262 increase in the rate of inflation, as determined by changes in the 263 consumer price index. Within available appropriations, the funding of 264 the commission shall annually be increased by two per cent for 265 purposes of adjustments to personnel salaries.
  - (b) The executive director of the State Ethics Commission shall annually present the director's proposed budget to the commission for approval by five or more members.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	October 1, 2004
Sec. 2	October 1, 2004
Sec. 3	October 1, 2004
Sec. 4	October 1, 2004
Sec. 5	October 1, 2004
Sec. 6	October 1, 2004
Sec. 7	October 1, 2004
Sec. 8	October 1, 2004
Sec. 9	July 1, 2004

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## Statement of Purpose:

To provide greater citizen input on the composition of the State Ethics Commission and assure proper funding levels for the commission.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]